

Responding to refugee crises and displacement through regional governances

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Abstract

The aim of migration governance is to regulate the causes and consequences of migration in order to change a traditionally spontaneous and unregulated phenomenon into a more orderly and predictable process. The debate over the governance of the international refugee regime has emerged during the 1990s, with challenges such as the increase in numbers of asylum seekers and irregular migrants, declining asylum opportunities, the growth of humanitarian emergencies in conflicts, and the rise of nationalist populist discourses linking migrants and refugees to security threats. This presentation examines the role of regional governances in refugee crises and displacement. It focuses on recent developments in Europe and North America to explore the strengths and limits of the refugee protection frameworks.

Biography

Idil Atak is associate professor at the Lincoln Alexander School of Law, Toronto Metropolitan University. The former editor-in-chief of the *International Journal of Migration and Border Studies* (IJMBS), Idil Atak is a past president of the Canadian Association for Refugee and Forced Migration Studies (CARFMS). She is conducting a research project funded by the Government of Ontario's Early Researcher Award and examining the securitization of irregular migration in Canada. Idil Atak also leads the Canada-related portions of an international research initiative exploring the impacts of the United Nations Refugee and Migration Compacts on the functioning of the international refugee protection system. The project has received funding from the Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council and the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation program.